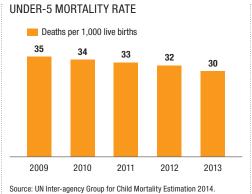


# **ECONOMICS AND DEMOGRAPHY**

#### POVERTY RATES AND GDP US\$1.25/day (%) US\$2/day (%) GDP per capita 6,777 6,967 6.698 7.040 1990 1998 2001 2007 2011 2012 2013 2014

Source: World Bank 2015. Note: PPP = purchasing power parity.



#### INCOME INEQUALITY

Gini index score*	Gini index rank <sup>†</sup>	Year
41	87	2007

Source: World Bank 2015

Notes: \*0 = perfect equality, 100 = perfect inequality. †The countries with a Gini index are ranked from most equal (#1) to most unequal (#145).

## **POPULATION**

Population (000)	33,955	2015
Under-5 population (000)	3,680	2015
Urban (%)	59	2015
> 65 years (%)	10	2015

Source: 2015 projections from UNPD 2013.

# CHILD ANTHROPOMETRY

#### CHILD ANTHROPOMETRY

Number of children under 5 affected (000)				
Stunting <sup>a</sup>	458	2011		
Wasting <sup>a</sup>	71	2011		
Overweight <sup>a</sup>	329	2011		
Percentage of children under 5 affected				
Wasting <sup>a</sup> 2 2011				
Severe wasting <sup>a</sup>	1	2011		
Overweight <sup>a</sup>	11	2011		
Low birth weight <sup>b</sup>	15	2003-2004		

Sources: a UNICEF/WHO/WB 2015; b UNICEF 2015.

# PREVALENCE OF UNDER-5 STUNTING (%) 30 29 15

1997

2003

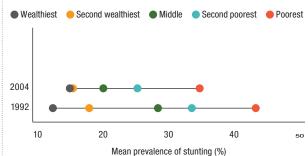
2011

1992 Source: UNICEF/WHO/WB 2015.

1987

Raised blood cholesterol

# CHANGES IN STUNTING PREVALENCE OVER TIME, BY WEALTH QUINTILE



Source: DHS surveys 1990-2011 adapted from Bredenkamp et al. 2014.

# ADOLESCENT AND ADULT NUTRITION STATUS

## ADOLESCENT AND ADULT ANTHROPOMETRY (% POPULATION)

	,	
Adolescent overweight <sup>a</sup>	14	2010
Adolescent obesity <sup>a</sup>	3	2010
Women of reproductive age, thinness <sup>b</sup>	4	2003-2004
Women of reproductive age, short stature <sup>b</sup>	1	2003-2004

Sources: a WHO 2015; b DHS 2015.

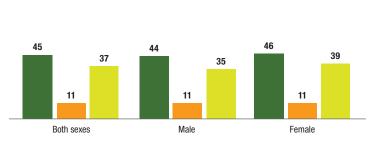
# MICRONUTRIENT STATUS OF POPULATION

Women of reproductive age with anemia <sup>a</sup>			
Total population affected (000)	3,037	2011	
Total population affected (%)	33	2011	
Vitamin A deficiency in children 6-59 months old (%) <sup>b</sup>	15	2013	
Population classification of iodine nutrition (age group 6-12) <sup>c</sup>	Mild iodine deficiency	1993	

Sources: aWHO 2015: b Stevens et al. 2015: CWHO 2004

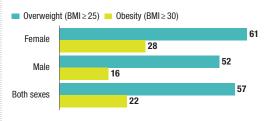
### METABOLIC RISK FACTORS FOR DIET-RELATED NONCOMMUNICABLE DISEASES, 2008 (%)

■ Raised blood pressure ■ Raised blood glucose



Source: WHO 2014.

## PREVALENCE OF ADULT OVERWEIGHT AND OBESITY, 2014 (%)



Source: WHO 2015. Note: BMI = body mass index

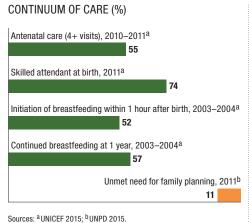
# WORLD HEALTH ASSEMBLY INDICATORS: PROGRESS AGAINST GIOBAL WHA TARGETS

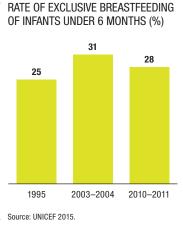
	Under-5 stunting, 2011 <sup>a</sup>	Under-5 wasting, 2011 <sup>b</sup>	Under-5 overweight, 2011a	WRA anemia, 2011 <sup>b</sup>	EBFa
	On course, good progress	On course	Off course, some progress	Off course	NA

Sources: <sup>a</sup>Definitions of progress developed by GNR's Independent Expert Group with guidance from WHO/UNICEF; <sup>b</sup>WHO 2014.

Notes: Currently it is only possible to determine whether a country is on or off course for five of the six WHA targets. The year refers to the most recent data available; on/off-course calculation is based on trend data. WRA = women of reproductive age. EBF = exclusive breastfeeding. NA = not available.

# INTERVENTION COVERAGE AND CHILD-FEEDING PRACTICES





### INTERVENTION COVERAGE (%)

Severe acute malnutrition, geographic coverage <sup>a</sup>	NA	NA
Vitamin A supplementation, full coverage <sup>b</sup>	NA	NA
Children under 5 with diarrhea receiving ORS <sup>b</sup>	22	2011
Immunization coverage, DTP3 <sup>b</sup>	99	2013
lodized salt consumption <sup>b</sup>	21	2006

Sources: <sup>a</sup>UNICEF/Coverage Monitoring Network/ACF International 2012; <sup>b</sup>UNICEF 2015. Notes: ORS = oral rehydration salts; DTP3 = 3 doses of combined diphtheria/tetanus. pertussis vaccine. NA = not available.

# INFANT AND YOUNG-CHILD FEEDING PRACTICES (% 6-23 MONTHS)

Minimum acceptable diet	NA	NA
Minimum dietary diversity	NA	NA

Source: UNICEF 2015. Note: NA = not available

# UNDERLYING DETERMINANTS



# GENDER-RELATED DETERMINANTS

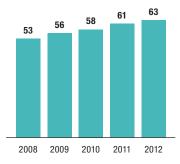
Early childbearing: births by age 18 (%) <sup>a</sup>	8	2003-2004
Gender Inequality Index (score*) <sup>b</sup>	0.460	2013
Gender Inequality Index (country rank) <sup>b</sup>	92	2013
Sources: <sup>a</sup> UNICEF 2015; <sup>b</sup> UNDP 2014. Note: *0 = low inequality, 1 = high inequality.		

## POPULATION DENSITY OF HEALTH WORKERS PER 1,000 PEOPLE

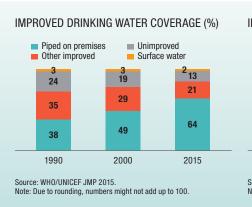
Physicians	0.620	2009
Nurses and midwives	0.890	2009
Community health workers	NA	NA

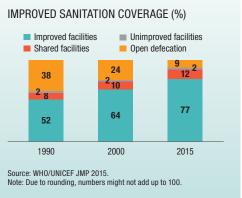
Source: WHO 2015

## FEMALE SECONDARY **EDUCATION ENROLLMENT (%)**



Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics 2015.





# **GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES (%)** Health Social protection Education Agriculture 10.5 20.8 19.2 1990 2000 2010 2012 Source: IFPRI 2015.

# FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND POLICY, LEGISLATION, AND INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

## SCALING UP NUTRITION (SUN) COUNTRY INSTITUTIONAL TRANSFORMÁTIONS, 2014 (%)

Data not available

Source: SUN 2014.

Note: NA = not available.

## POLICY AND LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS

National implementation of the International Code of Marketing of Breast-milk Substitutes <sup>a</sup>	Some provisions voluntary	2014
Extent of constitutional right to food <sup>b</sup>	NA	NA
Maternity protection (Convention 183) <sup>c</sup>	Yes	2011
Wheat fortification legislation <sup>d</sup>	Mandatory	2015
Undernutrition mentioned in national development plans and economic growth strategies <sup>e</sup>	NA	NA
Overnutrition mentioned in national development plans and economic growth strategies <sup>e</sup>	NA	NA

Sources: aUNICEF 2014: bFA0 2003: cILO 2013: dFFI 2015: eIDS 2015

## AVAILABILITY AND STAGE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF GUIDELINES/ PROTOCOLS/STANDARDS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF NCDs

Diabetes	Available, partially implemented	2010
Hypertension	Available, partially implemented	2010
Source: WHO 2014.		

Note: NCDs = noncommunicable diseases.

For complete source information: http://globalnutritionreport.org/the-report/technical-notes.